3. Numbers: Singular, Dual and Plural وَاحِد ، تُشْنِية ، جَمع

There are specific rules in Arabic for making singular, dual, and plural forms of a word. (Yes, dual is a separate and distinct Number in Arabic). There are two types of plurals in Arabic. Solid Plural (جع سَالِم) and Broken Plural (جمع سَالِم). The plural form depends upon the context in which it is used, as shown below (for the Solid Plural case only):

Associate f	orms I	Plural	Dual	Singular	Gender
مَرْفُوْ ع	with Dhamma (-);	مُسْلِمُوْنَ	مُسْلِمَان	مُسْلِمُ	mg.
	when used as subject	مُسْلِمَاتٍ	مُسْلِمَتَانِ	مُسْلِمُهُ	fg.
مَنْصُوْب	with Fatha (-);	مُسْلِمِين	مُسْلِمَيْن	مُسْلِمُ	mg.
	when used as object	مُسْلِمَاتٍ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ	مُسْلِمَة	fg.
مَجْرُور	with Kasra (-);	مُسْلِمِين	مُسْلِمَيْن	مُسْلِم	mg.
	when the noun is used with preposition	مُسْلِمَاتٍ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ	مُسْلِمَةٍ	fg.

Try to practice the rules of making dual and plural by reproducing the above table for the following words (both for masculine and feminine case):

	hypocrite	مُنَافِقٌ	believer	مُؤْمِنٌ	disbeliever	كَافِرٌ
	patient	صَابرً	helper	ئاصِرٌ	worshipper	عَابِدٌ
1	scholar	عَالِمٌ	one who struggles	مُجَاهِدٌ	one who remembers	ذَاكِرٌ
X	pious	صَالِحٌ	killer	قَاتِلَ	truthful	صَادِقٌ
	protector	حَافِظٌ	one who prostrates	سَاجِدٌ	prophet	نَبِيّ

Form Esex

Double = il + Single

noun = il + Voun

ilinga = il + ipgo

ilinga = il + aipgo

ilohup = il + plun

ilohup = il + plun

ilohup = il + plun

form queis

Double = CH + Single
NOUN

NOUN

(Juissão = CH + Châo

Ouissão = CH + Aisão

Chialmo = CH + Columb

Chialmo = CH + Eolumo

Chialmo = CH + Eolumo

Mohamed ate the apple The apple ate Mohamed

Classifications object ما عنفانه asez مروفوع Single acelizediane Colúi zidhe Double desker asial cuellasks مدّ مر ک مؤمن مؤمنان مؤمنة مؤسنان مؤمن مؤمنزيل

isses esei kuel exery rizer 12 mels The Brown Esse Translate both to English